

7. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In the hospital. B. In the man's house. C. In the woman's house.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. When will the man go to New York?
A. In May. B. In April. C. In March.

9. How will the man return?
A. By air. B. By ship. C. By train.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why won't the girl go hiking?
A. It will rain.
B. She likes a movie better.
C. Her brother won't be free.
11. Who will the speakers go along with?
A. Nobody else. B. The man's wife. C. The girl's elder brother.

12. Where will the speakers swim?
A. In the pool. B. In the sea. C. In the river.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What day is it today?
A. Friday. B. Sunday. C. Saturday.

14. What is the man doing?
A. Making a telephone call.
B. Doing his homework.
C. Watching TV.

15. What does the man advise the woman to do?
A. Have a rest.
B. Go to another room.
C. Go on doing her homework.

16. When will the woman probably finish her homework?
A. Later that night. B. The next morning. C. The day after tomorrow.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why does the speaker attend English classes?
A. To improve communication skills.
B. To travel around the world.
C. To improve memory ability.

18. How many classes does the speaker take each day?
A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.

19. Which group of people does the speaker mention?
- A. People showing an interest in English.
 - B. People finding it easy to learn a language.
 - C. People having difficulty in studying or understanding.
20. What's the speaker's view about learning English?
- A. Taking training classes is enough.
 - B. Having a natural ability means everything.
 - C. It is necessary to review and practice what you've learned.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Lying within the inner London Borough of Southwark, this hugely improved non-selective Secondary Academy School is looking to recruit (招募)and appoint a talented Science Teacher in April 2016 or sooner.

POSITION: Science Teacher | KS3 —5 | All Science specialists welcome

DEPARTMENT: Popular & Ambitious Science Department

LOCATION: Borough of Southwark — Zone 2 — Inner London

PERSON: Qualified Science Teacher required — experience in UK or overseas trained

START DATE: April 2016 or sooner — full-time & permanent contract on offer

SALARY: Inner London Pay Scale — £29,270 to £37,862 a year

PERSON REQUIREMENT:

All applicants will need to be suitably skilled, trained and qualified to be considered for this Science Teacher position. Applicants should feel confident across Key Stage 3, 4 and 5, as well as having a real desire to make a difference and provide pupils under their care with a first class education is key.

SCHOOL & TRAVEL INFORMATION:

This is a typically diverse inner city school, suitable for a broad range of pupils aged 11 to 18 years old. The school has made huge steps and progressed from a satisfactory to a good school. Results are constantly improving, thanks to the staff in place, who are responsible for creating and delivering a broad curriculum. The school site is a short walk away from the nearest underground and rail stations, positioned within inner London, Zone 2. Those living in South and Central London are perfectly positioned for this position.

If you are a hardworking Science Teacher, hoping to become part of an improving Inner London Secondary, get in touch today. Please apply and submit your up-to-date CV using the form below. One of the Clarus Education Team will be in touch within 48 hours if shortlisted (入围).

- C. To introduce the background of Clemente's family.
 D. To show Clemente's interest in baseball when he was young.
25. Clemente's _____ made him badly treated in the pirates.
 A. age B. race C. poor skills D. bad attitude
26. According to the text, during the final game of the World Series Clemente _____.
 A. was in good health B. let his team members down
 C. was the oldest player on his team D. was sure of winning the competition
27. When Clemente was trying to help people in Nicaragua, he _____.
 A. lost his life B. died in an earthquake
 C. lost a chance to play baseball D. gave supplies directly to them

C

The Polish take great pride in their culture. Our culture has many different customs and traditions. I will discuss three of these traditions and customs.

The Polish will say “Dziekuje” (thank you) only after receiving their change. What I mean by this is that when you are in Poland, you should wait to say “thank you” until after you have been given your change back. If you do not, you are telling cashiers that they can “keep the change”. Often, people visiting Poland will feel that things are very expensive, until they learn that they are giving the store clerk permission to keep the money that would have been given back.

Polish people break “bread” with their families during their Christmas Eve meal. The Christmas Eve celebration starts with the breaking of the Oplatek, which is a thin piece of “bread”. In my family, the eldest in the family (my grandfather) takes the big Oplatek and breaks it into large pieces that he then hands down to each of his four children (my aunt, uncles, and father). Then, these family members break their pieces into smaller sizes and pass them out to their own children. Once the last piece is passed down to the youngest, we say a prayer and eat the piece of thin bread.

Polish people celebrate “Imieniny”, or Name's Day. This day is more important than one's birthday. They often name their children after a saint (圣徒) whose birthday is closest to the date. The birth date of the saint that they were named after becomes their “new” birthday. On Name's Day, families and friends gather together and enjoy a variety of food, drinking and dancing.

As you can see, Poland has a few very unique traditions and customs. I honor my Polish culture and will pass it on to my own children because it is important to know one's own culture.

28. When you do shopping in Poland, _____.
 A. your change may be kept by cashiers
 B. your change will be given to you certainly

- C. you needn't wait to be served
D. you will get some cheap goods
29. When breaking “bread”, _____ will pass the Oplatek to the author directly.
A. his grandfather B. his aunt C. his uncle D. his father
30. In Poland, “Imieniny” is a day to _____.
A. celebrate Christmas
B. miss families and friends
C. celebrate one's new birthday
D. celebrate an anniversary
31. What's the author's attitude towards Polish culture?
A. Indifferent. B. Negative. C. Worried. D. Supportive.

D

Heavy rain continues to attack South Carolina after a powerful storm flooded much of the state over the weekend. Emergency workers are going door-to-door to search for anyone who may still be trapped in their homes. At least seven deaths have been blamed on the storm so far.

The storm poured more than 20 inches of rain on one area of Columbia, South Carolina's capital. Many cars ended up completely under water on flooded streets. Even weather experts said they were surprised by the amount of rain the storm poured on the state. On Sunday, Governor Nikki Haley said the storm is the kind seen only once in a thousand years.

Earlier in the week, weather experts had predicted Hurricane Joaquin to attack the East Coast, but the hurricane turned away in the Atlantic Ocean. Despite the shift, Shepherd says tropical moisture (水分) from the hurricane helped **boost** the power of the rainstorm in the Carolinas and several neighboring states.

According to the National Weather Service, Sunday was the wettest day in the history of Columbia. The rainfall total at the Columbia Metropolitan Airport was 6.87 inches, the highest one-day level ever recorded there.

The flooding caused water main breaks that have threatened the drinking water supply for South Carolina's capital city. Columbia officials told all 375,000 of its water customers to boil water before drinking it. Worse still, many roads and bridges across the state were washed out or under water.

One of the hardest hit areas in Columbia was near Gills Creek, where a weather station recorded over 20 inches of rain over the weekend. Rescue crews used boats to save the family of Jeff Whalen, whose house backed up on the stream.

Columbia residents have also been helping one another. Rawlings LaMotte, 38, said he and a friend got into a small motorboat and transported several people to safety.

- C. They rarely enjoy the experience of having their own room.
- D. And the dream of having your own room is coming true.
- E. The followings are some things a middle child can relate to.
- F. They're the trouble-makers between their younger and the older siblings.
- G. As a middle kid, they are the bridge between their younger and older siblings.

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

George was a worker and he spent so much time on his work that he could hardly have a meal together with his wife and three children. Hoping to improve himself so that he could get a higher 41, he spent all his evenings after work 42 classes.

George's family often complained that he was not spending enough time with them, but he 43 that he was doing all that to 44 the family with the best that he could.

Soon after George passed his 45, he was offered a good job. So now George could 46 to provide his family with little luxuries like nice clothing, fine food and 47 abroad. It was like a dream coming true, but his family 48 did not get enough attention from him as he 49 to work very hard.

Time passed and George's hard work 50. He was promoted to a higher position. Happily, he decided to hire a maid to free his wife from 51. He also felt that their flat was not big enough and they 52 a bigger one. Thus this 53 man continued his studies so that he would be 54 again. George worked so hard that sometimes he even had to spend his Sundays with his 55 instead of his family. And again 56 the family asked for his time, he answered that he was doing all that only for them. On the first Sunday evening at their new home, George 57 to his family that he decided not to take any more 58 or pursue any more promotions. 59, the very next morning George did not 60.

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|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. bill | B. value | C. salary | D. wallet |
| 42. A. giving | B. attending | C. presenting | D. observing |
| 43. A. shared | B. quarreled | C. reasoned | D. discussed |
| 44. A. connect | B. shelter | C. offer | D. provide |
| 45. A. exams | B. questions | C. jobs | D. answers |
| 46. A. allow | B. afford | C. award | D. agree |
| 47. A. voyages | B. weeks | C. vacations | D. invitations |
| 48. A. already | B. even | C. still | D. more |
| 49. A. kept | B. remained | C. continued | D. agreed |

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 50. A. took off | B. cut off | C. fell off | D. paid off |
| 51. A. homework | B. housework | C. duty | D. worry |
| 52. A. needed | B. sold | C. received | D. expected |
| 53. A. selfless | B. hardworking | C. brave | D. responsible |
| 54. A. employed | B. admired | C. fired | D. promoted |
| 55. A. guests | B. relatives | C. friends | D. customers |
| 56. A. whichever | B. whenever | C. whatever | D. wherever |
| 57. A. celebrated | B. praised | C. declared | D. thought |
| 58. A. subjects | B. courses | C. ideas | D. opinions |
| 59. A. Therefore | B. Instead | C. Otherwise | D. However |
| 60. A. turn up | B. wake up | C. look up | D. give up |

第 II 卷

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Clothes are important and necessary to us, but do you know how to choose 61 (suit) clothes in a correct way? Here are some 62 (idea) for you.

When you go shopping and want to buy some clothes, you should think about which kind of clothes you really need and decide how much money you can spend on 63. Then look at the labels that 64 (fix) inside the new clothes. They tell you how 65 (take) care of the clothes. The label for 66 shirt may tell you to wash it in warm water. The label on a coat may say “dry clean only” and cleaning in water may ruin this coat. If you wash the clothes 67 the directions say on the label, you can keep your clothes looking their best.

Many clothes today must be dry-cleaned. Dry cleaning is expensive. When 68 (buy) new clothes, you had better check if they need to be dry-cleaned. You can save money if you buy clothes that can be washed or that are well made. Well-made clothes last much 69 (long). They look good even after they have been washed many times.

Clothes that cost more money don't always mean they are better made. They may not fit you, either. 70 the other hand, less expensive clothes may sometimes look better and fit you well.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Hello, everyone! It's a greatly honor for me to stand here to give you a speech on the behalf of my class. My topic is "Gratitude to Our Mothers".

It is no doubt that mothers played a vital role in their children's daily life. Mothers always put all her heart and soul into our development. Taking good care of us and blessing us with great love all the time is the most important things for them. As students, which we can repay our mothers is to spare no effort to study hard. Get good marks in the exam will make them smile. Besides, we can express our love to them by doing some small things, such as preparing a cup hot milk for them, washing foot for them and so on!

That's all. Thank you.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,你的美国朋友 Mary 最近迷恋于网购,花费了大量金钱。请你给她写封邮件,主要内容包括:

1. 劝说她改掉这一做法;
2. 指出其弊端;
3. 提出建议(培养兴趣爱好、专注学习……)。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;
3. 开头语已为你写好,不计入总词数。

Dear Mary,

How are you these days? I miss you so much. _____

Yours,
Li Hua